
ECONOMIC THEORY <u>for</u> <u>FYBA/FYBSc.</u>

(REVISED SYLLBUS) ECONOMICS (PAPER-I)

(To be Implemented from the academic year 2007-08)

<u>SECTION - I.</u>

<u>Module 1: Introduction</u>. (05 lectures) Meaning and Scope of Micro-economics - Ceteris Paribus Assumption -Concepts and Types of Equilibrium: Partial and General.

<u>Module 2: Consumer's Behaviour</u>. (15 lectures) Utility : Cardinal and Ordinal Approaches - Indifference curve: Consumer's Equilibrium; Income, Price and Substitution Effects; Giffen Paradox -Revealed Preference Hypothesis - Elasticity of Demand: Price, Income, Cross and Promotional - Consumer's Surplus - Engel Curve.

Module 3: Production.

Production: short-run and long run - Law of Variable Proportions - Isoquants, Iso-cost line and Producer's Equilibrium - Returns to Scale -Economies and Diseconomies of Scale - Cobb-Douglas Production Function.

Module 4: Costs and Revenue.

(15 lectures)

(15 lectures)

Costs: short-run cost and long-run cost, Derivation of short-run cost curves and their relationship – derivation of long-run average cost curve and its features.

Revenue: Total Revenue, Average Revenue and Marginal Revenue: Relationship between AR and MR under different market structures; Relationship between AR, MR and Elasticity of Demand.

SECTION - II.

Module 5: Theory of the Firm.(10 lectures)Objectives of a Firm: Profit, Sales and Growth Maximization - Break-Even
Analysis - Analysis of Equilibrium of a firm - Pricing Methods in Practice:
Marginal Cost and Full Cost Approaches.

Module 6: Perfect Competition.(15 lectures)Perfect Competition: Features; Short-run Equilibrium of the Firm and
Industry; Derivation of the Supply curve of the Firm and Industry; Long Run
Equilibrium of the Firm and Industry.

<u>Module 7: Monopoly.</u> (15 lectures) Monopoly: Features, Short-run Equilibrium of the Monopolist under different cost conditions and Long-run Equilibrium of the Monopolist; Discriminating Monopoly, Equilibrium under Discriminating Monopoly, Dumping - Comparison between Perfect Competition and Monopoly with reference to Output and Price.

Module 8: Monopolistic Competition and Oligopoly. (10 lectures)

Monopolistic Competition: Features, Equilibrium in the Short-run and in the Long – run- Wastages under Monopolistic Competition – Features of Oligopoly.

Basic References:

- 1. Ahuja, H. L. (2005), Advanced Economic Theory, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.
- 2. Dwivedi, D. N. (2003), <u>Microeconomics: Theory and Applications</u>; Pearson Education (Singapore) Pte. Ltd, Delhi.
- 3. Koutsoyiannis, A. (1980) <u>Modern Microeconomics</u>, The Macmillan Press Ltd, London.
- 4. Lipsey and Chrystal (2004), Economics, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Mansfield, E. (1997), <u>Microeconomics</u>, W. W. Norton and Company, New York.
- 6. Mankiw, N. G. (2002), <u>Principles of Economics</u>, Thomson Asia Pte. Ltd., Singapore.
- 7. Samuelson P. A. & W. D. Nordhaus (1998), <u>Economics</u>, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 8. Salvatore, D. (2003), Microeconomics, Oxford University Press.
- 9. Stonier A. W. & D. C. Hague (2004), <u>A Textbook of Economic Theory</u>, Pearson Education, Delhi.

(REVISED SYLLABUS) <u>ECONOMICS (PAPER-II)</u> <u>MACRO ECONOMICS.</u> <u>for</u> <u>SYBA/FYBSc.</u>

(To be implemented from the academic year 2007-08 for F.Y. B.Sc. & from the academic year 2008-09 for S.Y. B.A.)

SECTION - I.

<u>Module 1: Introduction</u>. [12 Lectures] Distinction between Micro Economics and Macro Economics; Circular Flow of Economic Activities; Concepts of National Income Aggregates: GNP, NNP, GDP, NDP; Per Capita Income, Personal Income and Disposal Income; Methods of Measurement of National Income (with special reference to India). Price Indices.

Module 2: Determination of Employment.[12 Lectures]Say's Law, Keynesian Concepts of Aggregate Demand, Aggregate Supplyand Effective Demand; Consumption Function and Investment Multiplier;Investment Function; Savings and Investment: ex-ante and ex-post; Types ofInflation: Demand-pull and Cost-push inflation.

Module 3: Money.

[12 Lectures]

[a] Meaning and Functions of Money.

[b] Supply of Money; Constituents of Money supply; Determinants of Reserve Money and Money Supply; Velocity of Circulation of Money; Money Multiplier; Measures of Money Supply in India (including Liquidity Concepts).

[c] Demand for Money: Classical and Keynesian Approach.

[d] Value of Money: Quantity Theory of Money:, Cash Transactions and Cash Balances Versions; Friedman's Quantity Theory of Money.

SECTION - II.

Module 4: Banking and Financial Markets. [20]

[20 Lectures]

Commercial Banks: Functions, Multiple Credit Creation Process; Commercial Banking Developments in India since 1969.

Central Bank: Functions, Objectives and Instruments of Monetary Policy (with special reference to India.)

Money Market: Features of Indian Money Market; Instruments of Money market.

Capital Market: Primary Market and Secondary Market; Role of Capital Market in Economic Development; Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

Module 5: Public Finance and Fiscal Policy. [16 Lectures]

Nature and Scope of Public finance; Sources of Public Revenue; Canons of Taxation; Direct and Indirect Taxes; Public Expenditure: Revenue Expenditure and Capital Expenditure; Public Debt; Concepts of Deficit; Federal Finance in India (with respect to latest available Report).

<u>References</u>:

- 1. Stonier A. W. & D. C. Hague (2004), A Textbook of Economic Theory, Pearson Education, Delhi.
- 2. Dwivedi, D. N. (2001), Macroeconomics: Theory and Policy, Tata McGra-Hill Publishing company Ltd, New Delhi.
- 3. McConnel, C. R. & H. C. Gupta (1984), Introduction to Macro Economics, Tata Mcgra-Hill Publishing company Ltd, New Delhi.
- 4. Gupta, S. B. (1994), Monetary Economics, S. Chandand Company, Delhi.
- 5. Bhole, L.M. (1999), Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw Publishing Company, Delhi.
- 6. Musgrave, R. and P. Musgrave (1983), Public Finance: Theory and Practice, Singapore.
- 7. Hyman, D. N. (1973), The Economics of Governmental Activity, Halt Rinehart & Winston, New York.
- 8. Bagchi, A. (ed) (2005), Readings in Public Finance, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 9. Pathak, B. V. (2003), Indian Financial System, Pearson Education, Delhi.
- 10. Datt, R. & K. P. M. Sundaram (2001), Indian Economy, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 11. Dhingra, I. C. (2001), The Indian Economy: Environment and Policy, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 12. Misra, S. K. & V. K. Puri (2001), Indian Economy: Its Development Experience, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

(REVISED SYLLBUS) **ECONOMICS (PAPER-III)**

INDIAN ECONOMY.

for S.Y.B. A.

(To be implemented from the academic year 2008-09)

(Preamble: Modules 1, 2 and 3(a) should be taught in the first term and Modules 3(b), 4 and 5 should be taught in the second term.)

SECTION - I.

Module 1: Introduction.

[a] Indian Economy in the Pre-British Period: Structure and Organization of Villages, Towns, Industries and Handicrafts; Economic consequences of the British Rule: The Theory of Drain - Pros and Cons; Case for Protection of **Indian Industries.**

[b Salient Features of Indian Economy and Structural Changes in National Income since Independence; Government Measures to Alleviate Poverty and Income Inequality in India.

Module 2: Agriculture.

Nature and Importance; Causes of Low Productivity; Land Reforms; New Agricultural Strategy and Green Revolution; Rural Credit; Agricultural Marketing; Agricultural Price Policy (including Food Security).

Module 3: Industry.

[12 Lectures] [a]. Industrial Development Since Independence; Overview of Industrial Policy Resolutions of 1948 and 1956 and New Industrial Policy, 1991.

[b]. Role and Problems of Small Scale Industries; Government Policy towards Small Scale Industry; Role and Problems of Public Sector Enterprises in India; **Disinvestment Policy.**

Module 4: Population and Labour Markets. [12 Lectures] Features of India's Population, Population Policy; Features of Agricultural, Industrial and Tertiary Labour Markets; Unemployment Problem; Labour Market Segmentation; Role of Trade Unions; Impact of Liberalization on **Employment (Exit Policy and Safety Net for Labour); Industrial Relations.**

Module 5: External Sector.

Analysis of trend in Exports and Imports; change in composition and direction of India's Foreign Trade; EXIM Policy; India's Balance of Payments **Position in Recent Years.**

[12 Lectures]

[12 Lectures]

[12 Lectures]

Foreign Exchange market; Exchange Rate Policy; Convertibility; Foreign Capital Flow; WTO and India.

Basic References:

- 1. Datt, R. & K. P. M. Sundaram (2001), Indian Economy, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Dhingra, I. C. (2001), The Indian Economy: Environment and Policy, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Dutt, R. C. (1950), The Economic History of India Under Early British Rule, Low Price Publications, Delhi.
- 4. Dumar, D. (ed) (1982), The Cambridge Economic History of India, Volume II, 1757-1970, Orient Longman Ltd, Hydrabad.
- 5. Misra, S. K. & V. K. Puri (2001), Indian Economy: Its Development Experience, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 6. Government of India, Economic Survey (Annual), Economic Division, Ministry of Finance, New Delhi.
- 7. Jalan, B. (1992), The Indian Economy: Problems and Prospects, Viking, New Delhi.
- 8. Jalan, B. (1996), India's Economic Policy: Preparing for the Twenty-first Century, Viking, New Delhi.
- 13. Datt, R. (ed) (2001), Second Generation Economic Reforms in India, Deep & Deep Publications, New Delhi.
- 14. Sinha, P. R. et.al. (2004), Industrial Relations, Trade Unions and Labour Legislations, Pearson Education, Delhi.
- 15. Kapila, R. & U. Kapila (ed)(2002), India's Economy in the 21st Century, Academic Foundation, New Delhi.
